	Year:	Year: 10 Subject: GCSE Drama			Autumn 1 - Component 3 exam AIC and Live Theatre Evaluation		Autumn 2 - Mo Practical Per		Spring 1 and 2 - Component 1  Devising  Exam: Performance of Devised group piece and written coursework	
nt	Subject Concepts (Substantive knowledge)	ledge)	Collaboration			Prior Knowledge:  •  Takeaway Learning: •	Group exploration tasks, sharing the role of director	Prior Knowledge:  All will have experience of directing practical work  Takeaway Learning:  To learn the process of exploring a range of ideas, before selecting the most successful  To communicate ideas and instructions effectively	Work in teacher directed groups towards an exam brief. Listening, discussing, giving accepting and recording for the exam written element	Prior Knowledge:  Use of 'drama connectives' in written tasks  The role of director Group work skills  Takeaway Learning:  To learn the importance of your own personal contribution in group tasks  Work collaboratively to create and develop performance from a stimulus
			Development of dramatic potential		Students will explore how drama is developed by writers in texts. Exploring the relationship between writers and directors  Students will analyse how dramatic potential is created in a piece of recorded live theatre — 'Frankenstein' National Theatre Online	Prior Knowledge:  • Students will have read a scripted play  • Students will have watched a piece of recorded live theatre  Takeaway Learning:  • Students will learn new vocabulary relating to performing  • Students will learn new technical vocabulary relating to production values  • Students will learn the plot-line to An Inspector Calls	Students will explore how using selected extracts of script can lead them to creating meaningful pieces of theatre  Students will undertake workshops focused on developing character and emotional impact	Prior Knowledge:  Students have all worked using scripts in Year 9  Takeaway Learning: Characterisation will show understanding of selected role Students will learn the importance of research and contextual understanding when considering dramatic potential.	Explore 3 set stimulus materials. Making choices based on the release of dramatic potential. Exploring own thoughts feelings and collaborating with others  Complete portfolio coursework throughout the processs	Prior Knowledge:  Now what a stimulus is Verbally express their own ideas as part of a group task  Takeaway Learning: To understand 'select and reject' as part of the creative process Describe and evaluate intentions for performance Demonstrate understanding of rehearsal and refinement
Inte			Performance		Analysis of the performance skills of professional actors as part of Live Theatre Evaluation	Prior Knowledge:  Students will have all watched recorded live performance  Takeaway Learning: Students will be able to analyse and evaluate the quality of performance skills demonstrated Analyse and evaluate impact on an audience when watching live theatre	Rehearsal and refinement of a scripted performance for assessment  • Students will experience the professional discipline required for GCSE exams	Prior Knowledge:  All students will have performed to an audience  All students will have experience of portraying a character that is different to themselves  Takeaway Learning:  Students will learn that the audience is at the heart of every decision in a performance  A range of physical and vocal skills used to communicate meaning  Individual performance is confident, committed and dynamic.	Extended development of a devised piece for examination  Complete portfolio coursework throughout the process	Prior Knowledge:  Traditional script writing skills  To understand what devising is in drama  Takeaway Learning:  Apply a range of vocal and physical skills  Characterisation shows a range of mood and emotions  Evaluate quality and impact of own acting performance
			Styles of theat	tre	Students will explore what a morality play is and how AIC fits into that genre.  Students will understand the genre of 'the well made play'	Prior Knowledge:  Students will be aware of a range of theatre styles and genres, including Naturalism and Non-Naturalism  Takeaway Learning:  Students will understand the desired audience impact of a morality play  Students will understand the	Student's will undertake workshops and independent research to develop understanding of the style of their selected play	Prior Knowledge:  Students have worked in the styles of Naturalistic and Non-Naturalistic  Takeaway Learning: Clear sense of style and genre demonstrated in performance work	Students will choose a style for their devised piece from a list of available practitioners and styles.  Complete portfolio coursework throughout the process.	Prior Knowledge:  Difference between Naturalistic and Non-Naturalistic Name Brecht as a drama practitioner  Takeaway Learning: Students will recognise the influence of Brecht, Frantic Assembly and Artaud in their own work and the work of others Understanding of style, genre and language

		• Context	Context of theatre written in 40's  Context of Edwardian England in 1912  Students will learn the context of Industrial Revolution England – Live Theatre Evaluation	dramatic devises needed to create tension and relief in a 'well made play'  Prior Knowledge:  • Students will know An Inspector Calls was written in 1940's  • Students will have considered context when looking at text in previous lessons  Takeaway Learning: • Demonstrate understanding of themes, context and character when exploring a set text.	Students will undertake research into their selected play to demonstrate understanding of context and playwright's intentions	Prior Knowledge:  • Students have experience of applying contextual understanding to practical work in Year 9 (Arbeit Macht Frei)  Takeaway Learning:  • Characterisation shows understanding of selected role  • Clear sense of style and genre	Research selected context for devised performance and apply research to practical work.	Prior Knowledge:  • Students know what context means in regards to theatre and playtexts  • Students have researched context for mock component 2  Takeaway Learning:  • Clear sense of style and genre  • Characterisation shows a range of mood and emotions
	Disciplinary Knowledge		<ul> <li>Students will consider how to stage a play through the eyes of a performer and a director. Students will consider how a professional performer/director would approach the task of staging a play.</li> </ul>		workshop activities a	n their performance using nd techniques applied by s part of the development	<ul> <li>Students will develop their devised work through structured workshops and independent rehearsal to mirror the way a professional theatre company would approach devising.</li> </ul>	
	Common Misconceptions		<ul> <li>Understanding that perf vocal and physical skills</li> <li>Understanding the world of theatre.</li> </ul>	ormance skills are both e role of a director in the	layered and needs to create high quality w	portance of research and	<ul> <li>The first idea is not your best/only idea.</li> <li>Rehearsal should include selecting and rejecting ideas.</li> <li>Good theatre does not have to have a linear storyline, consider interesting ways to structure your performance work.</li> <li>Coursework portfolio is worth 30% of course, practical exam is worth 10%</li> </ul>	
ation	Enabling or Adapting the Curriculum	SEND Students	<ul> <li>Use of IPAD and Landwriting</li> <li>Scaffolding for wri</li> <li>Scaffolding for ver</li> </ul>		audience through ste perform just to teach	ual students	<ul> <li>Adaptive groupings – use 'secret ballot' strategy to help decide on exam groupings and so students have ownership</li> <li>Scaffolding for written portfolio questions</li> <li>Key vocabulary lists</li> </ul>	
Implementation		Disadvantaged Students	<ul> <li>Scaffolding for wri</li> <li>Model answers</li> <li>Cultural gaps – exort</li> <li>of An Inspector Ca</li> </ul>	amples of live productions	that may appeal to te	upport with the discipline of	<ul> <li>Selection of stimuli to ensure engagement and interest</li> <li>Example performance work to set expectations of standard</li> </ul>	
		More Able Students	Practical exploration of scenes/moments trying out various approaches to select an reject ideas for performance.		<ul> <li>Selection of playtext to require maturity and ability to see the world through the eyes of someone of a different age with different life experience.</li> <li>Style choices</li> </ul>		Consider use of music, items of costume, lighting cues	
	Literacy/Numeracy Skills	Vocabulary:	<ul> <li>pause, pitch, volui</li> <li>Physical skills – st         expression, stillne         gesture, gait, prox</li> <li>Lighting and Set D         backlight, downlig</li> </ul>	ection, speed, accent, me, diction, inflection ance, posture, facial ss, body language, emics Design – Intensity, level, tht, gauze, levels, dry ice, ight, wash, material, size	<ul> <li>Vocal skills – projecti pitch, volume, diction</li> <li>Physical skills – stand expression, stillness, gait, proxemics</li> <li>Rehearsal – objective</li> </ul>	ee, posture, facial body language, gesture, es, dramatic potential, journey, select and reject,	improvisation, he flashforward, dia image, physical t split scene, mime	rsal, scene, structure, ot-seating, flashback, llogue, movement, still- heatre, cross-cutting, e, style/genre echt, Stanislavski, Frantic

		Reading:	<ul><li>the pla</li><li>Indepe</li><li>practice</li><li>Encour</li><li>consider</li></ul>	<ul> <li>r – students allowers</li> <li>e.</li> <l< th=""><th>es and extracts from llocated parts to read of extracts for exam o read in character and and emotion when ue to support</th><th>• S</th><th>tudents to read extracts erformance tudents to learn extract of line learning strategies</th><th>s by heart using a range</th><th></th><th>h tasks to include reading of s, real life stories and case studies.</th></l<></ul>	es and extracts from llocated parts to read of extracts for exam o read in character and and emotion when ue to support	• S	tudents to read extracts erformance tudents to learn extract of line learning strategies	s by heart using a range		h tasks to include reading of s, real life stories and case studies.	
	,	Writing:	Written exam answers and note taking			<ul> <li>Annotating extracts with ideas for performance</li> <li>Paragraph explaining how they have used techniques and rehearsal to develop character</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Students will keep detailed notes of their rehearsal process</li> <li>Students will complete drafts of sections of their portfolio coursework</li> </ul>		
		Oracy:	<ul> <li>Discussion of ideas for performance</li> <li>Use of paragraph structures and sentence starters to encourage explanation of ideas before writing</li> <li>Reading 'An Inspector Calls' as a class</li> </ul>		• P	erformance of scripted	extracts to an audience	<ul> <li>Peer and group feedback</li> <li>Performance of scenes to peers and teacher</li> </ul>			
		Numeracy:			•			•			
	Digital Strategy			YouTube     BBC Bitesize		Using IPADS to annotate scripted extracts     Recording performances for self evaluation		<ul> <li>Recording work so far to analyse and evaluate</li> <li>Completion of drafts of portfolio coursework</li> </ul>			
	Home Learning	An Inspector Calls character transcript		<ul> <li>Research into context, playwright and character</li> <li>Line learning</li> </ul>		Drafts of Q1 and Q2 of portfolio coursework					
Impact	Composite Assessment		Date: w/b 9 <sup>t</sup> Octobe	( ontont	Complete 4, 6 and 9 mark questions in exam conditions	Date:	December	Performance of scripted monologues and duologues	Date: TBC	Content: Examined performance of devised piece	